AEOLIAN M.C. Annual Financial Statements Based on International Financial Reporting Standards For the year ended 31 December 2005

These financial statement have been translated from the original statutory financial statements that have been prepared in the Greek language. In the event that differences exist between this translation and the Original Greek language financial statements, the Greek language financial statements will prevail over this document.

Balance Sheet

		As at 31 Decer	nber
<u>ASSETS</u>	Notes	2005	2004
Property, plant and equipment	6	277,541.00	374,741.00
Non-current assets		277,541.00	374,741.00
Inventories	8	5,833.28	9,127.88
Receivables and prepayments	9	700,161.99	767,688.56
Cash and cash equivalents	10	2,334.42	3,812.53
Current assets		708,329.69	780,628.97
Total assets		985,870.69	1,155,369.97
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Trade and other payables	11	82,957.63	120,534.26
Current liabilities		82,957.63	120,534.26
Total liabilities (a)		82,957.63	120,534.26
Share capital	15	379,500.00	379,500.00
Retained earnings		523,413.06	655,335.71
Total equity (b)		902,913.06	1,034,835.71

These financial statements have been approved for puplishing from the Board of Directors on 25/01/2006

985,870.69

TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (a+b)

1,155,369.97

Income Statement

		As at 31 D	ecember
	Notes	2005	2004
Turnover		2,109,700.00	1,927,539.00
Cost of sales		-1,432,953.57	-1,118,664.62
Gross profit		676,746.43	808,874.38
Other operating expenses		0.00	174.96
Administrative expenses		-56,200.00	-57,225.00
Earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation		620,546.43	751,824.34
Depreciation & amortization		-97,200.00	-97,200.00
Earnings before interest and taxes	2	523,346.43	654,624.34
Finance (cost) / income	3	-269.08	-212.14
Profit before taxes		523,077.35	654,412.20
Profit after taxes		523,077.35	654,412.20

Statement of Changes in Shareholders'

	Notes	Ordinary shares	Retained earnings	Total
Year ended 31 December 2004				
Opening balance		379,500.00	923.51	380,423.51
Net profit per income statement			654,412.20	654,412.20
Closing Balance at 31 December 2004		379,500.00	655,335.71	1,034,835.71
Year ended 31 December 2005				
Opening balance		379,500.00	655,335.71	1,034,835.71
Net profit per income statement			523,077.35	523,077.35
Dividends			-655,000.00	-655,000.00
Closing Balance at 31 December 2005		379,500.00	523,413.06	902,913.06

Cash Flow Statement

		Year ended 31 D	December
	notes	2005	2004
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	17	653,790.97	612,051.96
Interest received		65.00	36.00
Net cash generated from operating activities		653,855.97	612,087.96
Cash flows from financing activities			
Interest paid		-333.68	-234.84
Dividend paid		-655,000.00	-615,000.00
Net cash flows from financing activities		-655,333.68	-615,234.84
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalends			_
and bank overdrafts		-1,477.71	-3,146.88
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	10	3,812.53	6,959.41
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	10	2,334.82	3,812.53

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1. Accounting principles

General information

The maritime company AEOLIKI is a ship owning company that was established according to law 959/1979 and is registered in the Naval Company Register of Piraeus of March 12th, 1980, serial number 66. It is the proprietor of the cement carrying ship MV AEOLIS, which is under the Greek flag and Piraeus register. The company is a subsidiary of TITAN Cement Co. S.A., a company listed on the Athens Stock Exchange.

Summary of significant accounting principles

The basic accounting principles adopted for the compilation of these financial statements are listed below:

A. Basis of compilation

The company has applied IFRS 1 that is mentioned in the adaptation of IFRS for the first time.

The principles listed below have been applied to all fiscal years cited.

The reconciliation of accounts and description of consequences of the conversion of Greek Statutory Statements to IFRS to the net equity and the net income of the company is cited in note 29.

The financial statements have been compiled according to historical cost.

B. Tangible assets

Tangible assets (the value of the ship) are recorded at their historical cost of acquisition, plus the cost of refitting and improvements after the deduction of accumulated depreciation.

The company calculates annual depreciation at 97.200,00 Euro in order to maintain the undepreciated value of the ship approximately equivalent to its scrap value.

C. Inventories

Inventories of lubricants, fuels and eatables were calculated at acquisition price using the FIFO method. Other provisions, purchased within the fiscal year are considered to be consumables.

D. Receivables

Accounts receivable are acknowledges at their current value. When the company has objective indications that it will not collect the amounts owed to it, according to the limitations restrictions

of each agreement, it formulates a provision for the write off of the receivable. The amount of the provision is recorded as expenditure in the Income Statement.

E. Cash and cash equivalents

The basic financial data of current assets are receivables and cash. Receivables from commercial activities appear at their nominal value. The Board of Directors regularly examines the ability to collect and initiates projections when deemed necessary. Receivables are written off of the financial results when considered doubtful. According to the estimation of the board of the directors, provisions for doubtful receivables were not necessary.

F. Deferred Tax Assets

Provisions for deferred tax assets were not made because the company is not taxed according to its profit but according to the registered capacity of the ship.

G. Acknowledgement of income

The company's income originates from the chartering of the ship by the mother company "Titan Cement Co. S.A.".

H. Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the financial statements of the fiscal year in which the proposal for appropriation is made by the board of directors.

2. Finance Risk Management

A. Credit risk

The company faces no significant credit risks. Receivables from clients are from the mother company. The ship is also insured for complete loss in the amount of USD 2.000.000.

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2. Profit from operations

The following items have been included in arriving at profit from operations:

	2005	2004
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment (Note 6)		
Owned assets	97,200.00	97,200.00
	97,200.00 97,200.00	97,200.00 97,200.00
Repairs and maintenance expenditure on property, plant and equipment	453,834.00	236,311.00
Costs of inventories recognized as an expense in Cost of Sales Raw materials	3,295.00 3,295.00	1,810.00 1,810.00
Staff costs (Note 4)	723,486.00	660,105.00

3. Finance (costs) / income

	2005	2004
Interest income	65.00	36.00
Interest expense	-334.08	-248.14
Net financing (costs)/income	-269.08	-212.14

4. Staff costs

	2005	2004
Wages and salaries	647,986.00	600,605.00
Social security costs	75,500.00	59,500.00
Total	723,486.00	660,105.00
Average number of employees:		
Office staff	15	15
Total	15	15

5. Income tax expense

the profit of the company is not taxable due to low 27/75

6. Property, plant and equipment

	Motor vehicles	Total
Year ended 31 December 2004		
Opening balance	471,941.00	471,941.00
Depreciation charge (Note 2)	-97,200.00	-97,200.00
Closing balace	374,741.00	374,741.00
At 31 December 2004		
Cost	1,460,178.00	1,460,178.00
Accumulated depreciation	1,085,437.00	1,085,437.00
Net book amount	374,741.00	374,741.00
Year ended 31 December 2005		
Opening balance	374,741.00	374,741.00
Depreciation charge (Note 2)	-97,200.00	-97,200.00
Closing balance	277,541.00	277,541.00
At 31 December 2005		
Cost	1,460,178.00	1,460,178.00
Accumulated depreciation	1,182,637.00	1,182,637.00
Net book amount	277,541.00	277,541.00

The Company has no pledges on its owned assets.

7. Non-current receivables

DOES NOT EXIST

8. Inventories

	2005	2004
Inventories		
Raw materials	5,833.28	9,127.88
	5,833.28	9,127.88

The Company has not pledged its inventories as collateral.

9. Receivables and prepayments

	2005	2004
Other trade receivables from related parties (Note 17)	699,140.40	758,165.34
Other receivables	1,021.59	9,523.22
	700,161.99	767,688.56
10. Cash and cash equivalents		
	2005	2004
Cash at bank and in hand	557.32	134.72
Short-term bank deposits	1,777.10	3,677.81
	2,334.42	3,812.53

11. Trade and other payables

	2005	2004
Trade payables	19,261.19	68,668.20
Social security	15,595.42	12,924.65
Other taxes	48,101.02	38,941.41
	82,957.63	120,534.26

12. Deferred tax

The profit of the company is not taxable due to low 27/75

13. Retirement and termination benefit obligations

there is not actuarial study

14. Contingencies and Commitments Contingencies

There are not subjudice decrees to the company that might have important effect to the financial statement of the company.

For the fiscal years 2001-2005 there is not taxation audit there for these fiscal years have not been definitized yet.

15. Share capital

	Number of ordinary shares	Ordinary Shares	Total
At 1 January 2004	3,300	379,500	379,500
At 31 December 2004	3,300	379,500	379,500
At 31 December 2005	3,300	379,500	379,500

All issued shares are fully paid.

16. Cash generated from operations

	2005	2004
Net Profit for the year as per income statements	523,077.35	654,412.20
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation (Note 6)	97,200.00	97,200.00
Interest income and net foreign exchange transaction gains	269.08	199.00
Changes in working capital:		
Decrease / (increase) in inventories	3,294.60	1,809.96
Decrease / (increase) in trade and other receivables	67,526.57	-201,669.71
(Decrease) / increase in trade and other payables	-37,576.63	60,100.51
Cash generated from operations	653,790.97	612,051.96

17.Intercompany transactionsThe following is a summary of transactions that were carried out with related parties during the year:

		2005	2004
i) Sales of goods and services			
Sale of services to Titan S.A		2,109,700.00	1,927,539.00
		2,109,700.00	1,927,539.00
ii) Purchases of goods and service	es		
Purchase of services from subsidiar	ies	54,000.00	54,000.00
		54,000.00	54,000.00
iii) Year-end balances arising from	m purchases of goods and services		
Receivables from Titan S.A	(Note 9)	699,140.40	758,165.34

18. Reconciliation to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet at 31 December 2004

	Greek GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS
ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	374,741.00		374,741.00
Non-current assets	374,741.00		374,741.00
Inventories	9,127.88		9,127.88
Receivables and prepayments	767,688.56		767,688.56
Cash and cash equivalents	3,812.53		3,812.53
Total current assets	780,628.97		780,628.97
TOTAL ASSETS	1,155,369.97		1,155,369.97
SHAREHOLDERS'EQUITY			
Trade and other payables	120,534.26		120,534.26
	120,534.26	0.00	120,534.26
Total liabilities(a)	120,534.26	0.00	120,534.26
Share capital	379,500.00		379,500.00
Fair value and other reserves	655,335.71		655,335.71
Share capital and reserves(b)	1,034,835.71	0.00	1,034,835.71
Total equity and liabilities(a+b)	1,155,369.97		1,155,369.97

18 Reconciliation to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") (continued)

Reconciliation of Income Statement for the year ended 31 December 2004

	Greek GAAP	Effect of transition to IFRS	IFRS
Turnover	1,927,539.00		1,927,539.00
Cost of sales	-1,215,864.62		-1,215,864.62
Gross profit	711,674.38	0.00	711,674.38
Other operating income/ (expense)	174.96		174.96
Administrative expenses	-57,225.00		-57,225.00
Earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation Earnings before interest and taxes	654,624.34		654,624.34
Finance costs - net	-212.14		-212.14
Profit before taxes	654,412.20		654,412.20
Profit after taxes	654,412.20		654,412.20

18. Reconciliation to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") (continued)

Reconciliation of Equity between Greek statutory financial statements and IFRS

As previously reported in Greek statutory financial statements at 31 December 2004	1,034,835.71
As restated to conform with the requirements of IFRS at 31 December 2004	1,034,835.71

18. Reconciliation to International Financial Reporting Stantards "IFRS" (continued)

Reconciliation of Profit after tax between Greek statutory financial statements and IFRS

As previously reported in Greek statutoty financial statements at 31 December 2004	654,412.20	
As restarted to conform with the requirements of IFRS at 31 December 2004	654,412.20	

19. Post balance sheet events

There are no events after 31 December 2005 considered to be material to the financial position of both the Grour and the Company.

(Translation from the original issued in the Greek Language)

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS

To the Shareholders of Aeoliki N.E.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Aeoliki N.E. for the year ended 31 December, 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, these financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December, 2005 and of the results of its operations, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

19 January, 2006