# OFFICE COPY

# **ALVACIM LIMITED**

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 December 2010

# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 December 2010

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# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS**

**Board of Directors:** 

Arta Antoniou

Spyroulla Papaeracleous Stelios Traintafillides

**Company Secretary:** 

A.T.S. Services Limited 2-4 Arch. Makarios III Avenue Capital Center, 9th floor CY-1065 Nicosia, Cyprus

Registered office:

2-4 Arch. Makarios III Avenue

Capital Center, 9th floor

CY-1065 Nicosia

Cyprus

## REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors presents its report and audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2010.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activities of the Company, which are unchanged from last year, are those of an investment holding company.

### Review of current position, future developments and significant risks

As at 31 December 2010 the Company had a profit for the year of €1,196,666 compared to the profit of €1,400,717 in 2009. The decrease in profit was mainly due to a decrease in the Company's interest income from €1,559,523 in 2009 to €1,335,370 in 2010.

The Company's principal risks or uncertainties are stated in note 3.

#### **Results and Dividends**

The Company's results for the year are set out on page 5. The Board of Directors approved the payment of a dividend as detailed below and the remaining net profit for the year is retained.

#### **Dividends**

During the year, the Company declared and paid an interim dividend of €343.000 for the year 2008 (2009: €120.620 for the year 2007).

#### Share capital

During the year, the Company issued 563 shares of nominal value €1,71 each at a premium of €998,29 per share.

#### Board of Directors

The members of the Company's Board of Directors as at 31 December 2010 and at the date of this report are presented on page 1. All of them were members of the Board throughout the year ended 31 December 2010.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association all directors presently members of the Board continue in office.

There were no significant changes in the assignment of responsibilities and remuneration of the Board of Directors.

#### Events after the reporting period

There were no material events after the reporting period, which have a bearing on the understanding of the financial statements.

#### **Independent Auditors**

The Independent Auditors, Ernst & Young Cyprus Limited, have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution giving authority to the Board of Directors to fix their remuneration will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board of Directors.

Steljøs Triantafillides

Director,

Nicosia, Cyprus, 21 April 2011



**Ernst & Young Cyprus Limited** 

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### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### To the Members of Alvacim Limited

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Alvacim Limited (the "Company") on pages 5 to 16 which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2010, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Alvacim Limited as at 31 December 2010, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Pursuant to the requirements of the Law of 2009 on Statutory Audits of Annual and Consolidated Accounts, we report the following:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations we considered necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company.
- The Company's financial statements are in agreement with the books of account.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113, in the manner so required.
- In our opinion, the information given in the report of the Board of Directors on page 2 is consistent with the financial statements.

#### Other Matter

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Section 34 of the Law of 2009 on Statutory Audits of Annual and Consolidated Accounts and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whose knowledge this report may come to.

Gabriel Onisiforou

Certified Public Accountant and Registered Auditor

for and on behalf of

**Ernst & Young Cyprus Limited** 

Certified Public Accountants and Registered Auditors

Nicosia

21 April 2011

# STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	2010 €	2009 €
Revenue	5	252.000	252.000
Net profit from investing activities Administration expenses Operating profit Profit before tax	6 7	1.335.370 (245.151) 1.342.219 1.342.219	1.632.855 (326.477) 1.558.378 1.558.378
Tax Net profit for the year	9 _	(145.553) 1.196.666	(157.661) 1.400.717
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income for the year	***************************************	1.196.66 <u>6</u>	1.400.717

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 December 2010

ASSETS	Note	2010 €	2009 €
Non-current assets			
Investments in subsidiaries  Loans receivable	11	37.800.000	37.800.000
Loans receivable	12	50.400.000	51,748,025
	-	88.200.000	89.548.025
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables  Loan receivables	13	506.300	506.300
Cash and cash equivalents	12	2.682.256	-
and anon equivalence	•••	28.375 3.216.931	<u>71,461</u>
Tatal and a	•	<u> </u>	577.761
Total assets	<del></del>	91.416.931	90.125.786
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	14	95,339	94.377
Share premium		88.435.251	87.873.213
Retained earnings Total equity	***************************************	<u> 2.671.575</u>	1.817.909
iotal equity	***************************************	91.202.165	89.785.499
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	15	9.550	7.710
Deferred income Current tax liabilities	16	***	252.000
Current tax habilities	*****	<u>205.216</u>	80.577
Total liabilities	***************************************	214.766 214.766	340.287 340.287
Total amelian and the sales	•		<u> </u>
Total equity and liabilities		91.416.931	<u>90.125.786</u>

On 21 April 2011 the Board of Directors of Alvacim Limited authorised these financial statements for issue.

Stelios Triantafillides Director

Arta Antoniou Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Year ended 31 December 2010

	Note	Share capital €	•		Total
Balance - 1 January 2009		90.991	85.896.599	537,812	<u>86.525.402</u>
Comprehensive income					
Net profit for the year		-	-	1.400.717	1.400.717
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year	-			1.400.717	1.400.717
Transactions with owners					
Issue of share capital	14	3.386	1.976.614	***	1.980.000
Dividends for the year 2007	10 _	-		(120.620)	(120.620)
Total transactions with owners	_	3.386	1.976.614	(120.620)	1.859.380
Balance at 31 December 2009/ 1					
January 2010		94.377	<u>87.873.213</u>	1.817.909	89.785.499
Comprehensive income					
Net profit for the year					
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	1.196.666	1.196.666
Total comprehensive income for the year	*******	-	-		-
Transactions with owners	****		<del>-</del>	1.196.666	1.196.666
Issue of share capital	14	962	E67 020		500.000
Dividends for the year 2008	10	902	562.038	(242,000)	563.000
Total transactions with owners	±0	962	562,038	(343,000)	(343,000)
Balance at 31 December 2010			88.435.251 _	<u>(343.000)</u> _	220.000
				<u> 2.671.575</u>	<u>91.202.165</u>

Companies which do not distribute 70% of their profits after tax, as defined by the relevant tax law, within two years after the end of the relevant tax year, will be deemed to have distributed as dividends 70% of these profits. Special contribution for defence at 15% will be payable on such deemed dividends to the extent that the shareholders (companies and individuals) are Cyprus tax residents. The amount of deemed distribution is reduced by any actual dividends paid out of the profits of the relevant year at any time. This special contribution for defence is payable by the Company for the account of the shareholders. For the year 2008, there is no special defence contribution on deemed distribution.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 December 2010

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	2010 €	2009 €
Profit before tax Adjustments for:		1.342.219	1.558.378
Interest income Loan interest commitment fee	6	(1.335.370)	(1.559.523) (73.332)
Cash flows from / (used in) operations before working capital			_
Increase in trade and other receivables		6.849	(74.477) (503.110)
Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables (Decrease)/increase in deferred income	_	1.840 (252.000)	(6.674) 252.000
Cash flows used in operations Tax paid		(243.311) (20.914)	(332.261) (189.292)
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(264.225)	(521.553)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Loans granted			
Interest received		(1.334.231) 1.335.370	(3.586.139) 1.559.523
Loan interest commitment fee  Net cash flows from / (used in) investing activities		#	73.332
		1.139	(1.953.284)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issue of share capital		962	1.980.000
Proceeds from issue of share premium Dividends paid		562.038 (343.000)	(120.620)
Net cash flows from financing activities		220.000	1.859.380
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents:		(43.086)	(615.457)
At beginning of the year At end of the year		71.461	686.918
•	*******	<u> 28.375</u>	71.461

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2010

## 1. Incorporation and principal activities

#### Country of incorporation

The Company Alvacim Limited was incorporated in Cyprus on 5 May 2006 as a limited liability Company under the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113. Its registered office is at 2-4 Arch. Makarios III Avenue, Capital Center, 9th floor, CY-1065 Nicosia, Cyprus.

#### Principal activities

The principal activities of the Company, which are unchanged from last year, are those of an investment holding company.

#### 2. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented in these financial statements unless otherwise stated.

#### Basis of preparation

The Company has prepared these parent's separate financial statements for compliance with the requirements of the Cyprus Income Tax Law.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union (EU) and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap.113. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

### Adoption of new and revised IFRSs

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as follows:

The Company has adopted all the new and amended IFRS and IFRIC interpretations that are effective as of 1 January 2010. The adoption did not have a material effect on the accounting policies of the Company.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, standards and interpretations were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board which were not yet effective. Some of them were adopted by the European Union and others not yet. The Board of Directors expects that the adoption of these accounting standards in future periods will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

### **Consolidated financial statements**

These financial statements are the separate parent financial statements of the Company. Consolidated financial statements, which would include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertaking have not been prepared because the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary itself and it does not need to prepare consolidated financial statements as these were prepared by its ultimate parent company Titan Cement S.A., a company incorporated in Greece. This exemption is permitted by International Accounting Standard IAS27 "Consolidated and Parent Financial Statements" and by the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113. Consolidated financial statements can be obtained from Titan Cement S.A., 22A Halkidos Street, 11143 Athens, Greece.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2010

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Subsidiary companies

Subsidiaries include all companies that are controlled by the company. Control is presumed to exist when the parent owns, directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, more than one half of the voting power of an enterprise.

Investments in subsidiaries are stated at cost less any impairment in value. The carrying values of investments in subsidiaries are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenues earned by the Company are recognised on the following bases:

#### Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

#### Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### Foreign currency translation

### (1) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Euro (€), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(2) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### Tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax liabilities and assets are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted, or substantively enacted, by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Currently enacted tax rates are used in the determination of deferred tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same fiscal authority.

#### **Deferred** income

Deferred income represents income receipts which relate to future periods.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2010

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Loans granted

Loans originated by the Company by providing money directly to the borrower are categorised as loans and are carried at amortised cost. This is defined as the fair value of cash consideration given to originate those loans as is determined by reference to market prices at origination date. All loans are recognised when cash is advanced to the borrower.

An allowance for loan impairment is established if there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original contractual terms of loans. The amount of the provision is the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount, being the present value of expected cash flows including amounts recoverable from guarantees and collateral, discounted at the original effective interest rate of loans.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement cash flows and cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand. Cash and short term deposits in the statement of financial position comprise cash at banks and at hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the Company expects a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

#### 3. Financial risk management

#### **Financial risk factors**

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk, liquidity risk and capital risk management arising from the financial instruments it holds. The risk management policies employed by the Company to manage these risks are discussed below:

#### 3.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk. The Company's Management monitors the interest rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

#### 3.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity of assets and liabilities does not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but can also increase the risk of losses. The Company has procedures with the object of minimising such losses such as maintaining sufficient cash and other highly liquid current assets and by having available an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2010

# 3. Financial risk management (continued)

### 3.2 Liquidity risk (continued)

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

31 December 2010		
	Carrying	3 months or
	amounts	less
Trade and other payables	€	€
	<u>9.550</u>	9.550
	9.550	9.550
31 December 2009		
	Carrying	3 months or
	amounts	less
Trade and other payables	€	€
a management payables	<u>7.710</u>	7.710
	<u>7.710</u> _	7.710

### 3.3 Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from last year.

#### Fair value estimation

The fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts at the reporting date.

# 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

#### Income taxes

Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

# Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company periodically evaluates the recoverability of non-financial assets such as investments in subsidiaries, whenever indicators of impairment are present. Indicators of impairment include such items as declines in market values, revenues, earnings, cash flows or net asset value which may indicate that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable. If facts and circumstances indicate that non-financial assets may be impaired, the estimated future discounted cash flows associated with these assets would be compared to their carrying amounts to determine if a write-down to the income statement is necessary.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Year ended 31 December 2010

5. Revenue	<b></b>	
	2010 €	200
Front fee income	252.000	252.00
	<u>252.000</u>	252.00
6. Profit from investing activities		
	2010	2009
Interest income loan	€	•
Interest income bank	1.334.232	1.553.430
Loan interest commitment fee	1.138	6.093 73.332
	1.335.370	1.632.855
7. Operating profit		
	2010	2009
Owner the second	€	2005
Operating profit is stated after charging the following items: Directors' fees		
Staff costs (Note 8)	740 770	
Auditors' remuneration	219.790 7.360	303.091
	7,300	7,245
8. Staff costs		
	2010	2009
Wages and salaries	€ 219.790	€ 303.091
	219.790	303.091
9. Tax		
9.1 Tax recognised in profit or loss		
	2010	2009
Corporation tax - current year	€	€
Overseas tax	145.439	146.359
Defence contribution - current year	114	10.693 609
Charge for the year	145.553	157.661
he tax on the Company's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amo		
ix races as runows.	2010	2009
rofit before tax	€	2005
ront before tax	1.342.219	1.558,378
ax calculated at the applicable tax rates	134.222	155 020
ax effect of allowances and income not subject to tax	(114)	155.838 (793)
ax effect of tax losses brought forward	\****/ *	(8.686)
0% additional charge	11.331	(=.500)
efence contribution current year verseas tax in excess of credit claim used during the year	114	609
ix charge		10.693
······································	<u> 145.553</u>	<u> 157.661</u>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2010

# 9.2 Tax recognised in other comprehensive income

	2010	2009
Total income tax recognised in other comprehensive income	€	€
		*

The corporation tax rate is 10%.

Under certain conditions interest income may be subject to defence contribution at the rate of 10%. In such cases this interest will be exempt from corporation tax. In certain cases, dividends received from abroad may be subject to defence contribution at the rate of 15%.

#### 10. Dividends

	2010	2009
Interim dividend paid	€	€
Interim dividend paid	343.000	120.620
	343.000	120.620

During the year, the Company declared and paid an interim dividend of €343.000 for the year 2008 (2009: €120.620 for the year 2007).

# 11. Investments in subsidiaries

	<b>2010</b> 200	)9
On 1 January		€
Balance at 31 December	<b>37.800.000</b> 37.800.00	0
bolunce at 31 December	<b>37.800.000</b> 37,800.00	Q

The details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	<b>2010</b> Holding <u>%</u>	2009 Holding <u>%</u>	2010 €	2009 €
Antea Cement Sh. A	Albania	Cement production	60	60	37.800.000	37.800.000
					37.800.000	37.800.000

#### 12. Non-current loans receivable

	2010	2009
Loans receivable	€	€
Loans receivable	<u>53.082.256</u>	51 <i>.7</i> 48.025
Less current portion	53.082.256	51.748.025
Non-current portion	(2.682,256)	-
Non-current portion	50.400.000	51.748.025

During the year, the Company granted additional €1.308.853 (2009: €22.211.059) to its subsidiary. The loan bears an interest of 3 month Euribor plus 1,5% per annum and is repayable on 29 December 2013. The interest for the year charged to Income Statement was €1.334.232 (2009: €1.448.184).

The fair value of receivable loans approximates to their carrying amounts as presented above.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2010

#### 13. Trade and other receivables

			2010	2009
			€	€
Receivables from related companies (Note 17)			504.000	504.000
Other receivables			2.300	2,300
			506,300	506.300
14. Share capital				
	2010	2010	2009	2009
	Number of		Number of	
	shares	€	shares	€
Authorised				
Ordinary shares of €1,71 each	60.000	102.600	<u>60.000</u>	102.600
Issued and fully paid				
On 1 January	55.191	94.377	53.211	90.991
Issue of shares	<u>563</u>	962	1.980	3.386
Balance at 31 December	55.754	95,339	55.191	94.377

During the year, the Company issued 563 shares of €1,71 at a premium of €998,29 per share.

#### 15. Trade and other payables

	2010 €	2009 €
Accruals	5.640	5.640
Other creditors	3.910	2.070
	9.550	7.710
16. Deferred income		
	2010	2009
	€	€
Other deferred income- front fee	<u> </u>	252.000
		252,000

#### 17. Related party transactions

The Company is controlled by Aemos Cement Limited, incorporated in Cyprus, which owns 100% of the Company's shares. The Company's ultimate controlling party is Titan Cement S.A.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

#### 17.1 Interest income

		2010	2009
	Nature of transactions	€	€
Loan interest income	Finance	1.334.230	1.553.430
Loan commitment fee income	Finance		73,332
		1,334,230	1.626.762

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2010

#### 17. Related party transactions (continued)

#### 17.2 Receivables from related parties (Note 13)

<b>F</b>	/		
		2010	200 <del>9</del>
<u>Name</u>	Nature of transactions	€	€
Receivable from subsidiary	Finance-Front fee	504.000	504.000
		504.000	504.000
17.3 Loans to related parties (Note	: 12)	2010	2000
		2010	2009
Loan to subsidiary undertaking		53.082.256	<u>51.748.025</u>
		<u>53.082.256</u>	51.748.025

#### 18. Contingent liabilities

The Company had no contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2010/2009.

#### 19. Commitments

The Company had no capital or other commitments as at 31 December 2010/2009.

#### 20. Events after the reporting period

There were no material events after the reporting period, which have a bearing on the understanding of the financial statements.

Independent Auditor's report on pages 3 and 4