REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 December 2014

# REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 December 2014

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# BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND OTHER OFFICERS

**Board of Directors:** 

Arta Antoniou

Spyroulla Papaeracleous (resigned on 25/07/2014)

Stelios Triantafyllides

Maroulla Georgiou (appointed on 25/07/2014)

**Company Secretary:** 

A.T.S. Services Limited 2-4 Arch. Makarios III Avenue Capital Center, 9th floor CY-1505 Nicosia, Cyprus

**Independent Auditors:** 

Ernst & Young Cyprus Limited

Certified Public Accountants & Registered Auditors

Jean Nouvel Tower

6 Stasinos Avenue, 1060 Nicosia

P.O.Box 21656 1511 Nicosia, Cyprus

Registered office:

31 Christodoulou Sozou

Ermis Court 1096, Nicosia Cyprus

#### REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors presents its report and audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014.

#### **Principal activities**

The Company's principal activities, which are unchanged from last year, are those of an investment holding company, the trade in cement and the investing and trading in shares including but not limited to any form of dividend and interest earning shares, bonds, deposits and loans. During the year the Company had no income from cement activities.

# Review of current position, future developments and significant risks

The net profit for the Company for the year ended 31 December 2014 €914,839 (2013: €638,548). On 31 December 2014 the total assets of the Company were €21,126,082 (2013: €20,193,725) and the net assets of the Company were €20,530,463 (2013: €19,615,624). The financial position, development and performance of the Company as presented in these financial statements are considered satisfactory.

The Company's principal risks and uncertainties are stated in note 3.

#### Results

The Company's results for the year are set out on page 5.

#### **Dividends**

The Board of Directors does not recommend the payment of a dividend and the net profit for the year is retained.

#### Share capital

There were no changes in the share capital of the Company during the year under review.

#### **Board of Directors**

The members of the Company's Board of Directors as at 31 December 2014 and at the date of this report are presented on page 1. All of them were members of the Board of Directors throughout the year ended 31 December 2014, except as described in page 1.

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association all directors presently members of the Board continue in office.

There were no significant changes in the assignment of responsibilities and remuneration of the Board of Directors.

#### Events after the reporting period

There were no material events after the reporting period, which have a bearing on the understanding of the financial statements.

By order of the Board of Directors,

Stelios Triantafyllides

Director,

Nicoșia, April 20 2015



Emst & Young Cyprus Ltd Jean Nouvel Tower 6 Stasinou Avenue P.O.Box 21656 1511 Nicosia. Cyprus Tel: +357 22209999 Fax: +357 22209998 ev.com

# **Independent Auditor's Report**

# To the Members of East Cement Trade Limited

# Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of East Cement Trade Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113, and for such internal control as the Board of Directors determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of East Cement Trade Limited as at 31 December 2014, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113.

# Report on Other Legal Requirements

Pursuant to the additional requirements of the Auditors and Statutory Audits of Annual and Consolidated Accounts Laws of 2009 and 2013, we report the following:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations we considered necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Company, so far as appears from our examination of these books.
- The Company's financial statements are in agreement with the books of account.
- In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the financial statements give the information required by the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113, in the manner so required.
- In our opinion, the information given in the report of the Board of Directors is consistent with the financial statements.

# Other Matter

This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the Company's members as a body in accordance with Section 34 of the Auditors and Statutory Audits of Annual and Consolidated Accounts Laws of 2009 and 2013 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whose knowledge this report may come to.

Gabriel Onisiforou

Certified Public Accountant and Registered Auditor

for and on behalf of

**Ernst & Young Cyprus Limited** 

Certified Public Accountants and Registered Auditors

Nicosia

20 April 2015

# STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME Year ended 31 December 2014

	Note	2014 €	2013 €
Profit from investing activities Administration expenses	5	913,882 (21,105)	703,207 (23,923)
Operating profit	6	892,777	679,284
Finance gain/(cost)  Profit before tax	7	<u>22,373</u> 915,150	(40,402) 638,882
Tax Net profit for the year	8	(311) 914,839	(334 <u>)</u> 638,548
Other comprehensive income  Total comprehensive income for the year		914,839	638,548

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 December 2014

ASSETS	Note	2014 €	2013 €
Non-current assets Investments in group companies	9	<u>19,023,373</u> <u>19,023,373</u>	19,023,373 19,023,373
Current assets Receivables Cash and cash equivalents	10 11	407,785 1,694,924 2,102,709	1,048,520 121,832 1,170,352
Total assets EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		21,126,082 _	20,193,725
Equity Share capital Share premium Retained earnings Total equity	12	40,708 17,864,649 2,625,106 20,530,463	40,708 <b>17,864,649</b> 1,710,267 19,615,624
<b>Current liabilities</b> Trade and other payables	13	595,619 595,619	578,101 578,101
Total equity and liabilities	=	21,126,082	20,193,725

On April 20 2015 the Board of Directors of East Cement Trade Limited authorised these financial statements for issue.

Stelios Triantafyllides Director Arta Antoniou Director

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY Year ended 31 December 2014

	Note	Share capital €	Share premium €	Retained earnings €	Total €
<b>Balance at 1 January 2013</b> Net profit for the year		40,708	17,864,649	<b>1,071,719</b> 638,548	<b>18,977,076</b> 638,548
Balance at 31 December 2013/ 1 January 2014		40,708	17,864,649	1,710,267	19,615,624
<b>Comprehensive income</b> Net profit for the year		<u></u>		914,839	914,839
Balance at 31 December 2014		40,708	17,864,649	2,625,106	20,530,463

Share premium is not available for distribution.

Companies which do not distribute 70% of their profits after tax, as defined by the relevant tax law, within two years after the end of the relevant tax year, will be deemed to have distributed as dividends 70% of these profits. Special contribution for defence at 20% for the tax years 2012 and 2013 and 17% for 2014 and thereafter will be payable on such deemed dividends to the extent that the shareholders (companies and individuals) are Cyprus tax residents. The amount of deemed distribution is reduced by any actual dividends paid out of the profits of the relevant year at any time. This special contribution for defence is payable by the Company for the account of the shareholders.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended 31 December 2014

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	2014 €	2013 €
Profit before tax Adjustments for:		915,150	638,882
Unrealised exchange (profit)		-	40,402
Dividend income	5	(779,431)	(681,137)
Interest income	5 _	(1,662)	(1,654)
Cash flows from/(used in) operations before working capital			
changes		134,057	(3,507)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	_	17,518	(22,638)
Cash flows from/(used in) operations		151,575	(26,145)
Tax paid	_	(311)	(335)
Net cash flows from/(used in) operating activities	_	151,264	(26,480)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest received		1,662	1,654
Dividends received	_	1,420,166	1,051
Net cash flows from investing activities	_	1,421,828	1,654
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-		<u>-</u>
Net increase /(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents:		1,573,092	(24,826)
At beginning of the year	_	121,832	146,658
At end of the year	11 _	1,694,924	121,832

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

#### 1. Incorporation and principal activities

#### **Country of incorporation**

The Company East Cement Trade Limited was incorporated in Cyprus on 20 December 2000 as a private limited liability company under the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap. 113. Its registered office is at 31 Christodoulou Sozou, Ermis Court, 1096, Nicosia, Cyprus.

#### **Principal activities**

The Company's principal activities, which are unchanged from last year, are those of an investment holding company, the trade in cement and the investing and trading in shares including but not limited to any form of dividend and interest earning shares, bonds, deposits and loans. During the year the Company had no income from cement activities.

#### 2. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented in these financial statements unless otherwise stated.

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union (EU) and the requirements of the Cyprus Companies Law, Cap.113. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires Management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on Management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

#### Adoption of new and revised IFRSs

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except as follows:

The Company has adopted all the new and amended IFRS and IFRIC interpretations that are effective as of 1 January 2014. The adoption did not have a material effect on the accounting policies of the Company.

At the date of approval of these financial statements, standards and interpretations were issued by the International Accounting Standards Board which were not yet effective. Some of them were adopted by the European Union and others not yet. The Board of Directors expects that the adoption of these accounting standards in future periods will not have a material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

#### **Investments in group companies**

Investments in group companies are stated at cost less any impairment in value. The carrying values of investments in associates and other affiliated companies are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. The Company's ultimate parent, Titan Cement SA produces consolidated financial statements for public use that comply with IFRSs.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### Investments in group companies (continued)

Consolidated financial statements can be obtained from Titan Cement S.A., 22A Halkidos Street, 11143 Athens, Greece.

#### **Revenue recognition**

Revenues earned by the Company are recognised on the following bases:

#### Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount.

#### Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

#### Foreign currency translation

#### (1) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Euro  $(\in)$ , which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (2) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax liabilities and assets are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted, or substantively enacted, by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Currently enacted tax rates are used in the determination of deferred tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax on investments in subsidiaries does not arise, as the profit on sale of securities is not taxable.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised in the Company's financial statements in the year in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

#### **Impairment of assets**

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units).

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the Company expects a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain.

#### Comparatives

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in presentation in the current year.

#### 3. Financial risk management

#### **Financial risk factors**

The Company is exposed to credit risk, currency risk, capital risk management and liquidity risk management arising from the financial instruments it holds. The risk management policies employed by the Company to manage these risks are discussed below:

#### 3.1 Credit risk

Credit risk arises when a failure by counter parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the reporting date. The Company has no significant exposure to credit risk as most of its receivables are with related parties.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

#### 3. Financial risk management (continued)

#### 3.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity of assets and liabilities does not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but can also increase the risk of losses. The Company has procedures with the object of minimising such losses such as maintaining sufficient cash and other highly liquid current assets and by having available an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

The following tables detail the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

31 December 2014	Carrying	3 months or
	amounts	less
	€	€
Trade and other payables	595,618	595,618
	<u>595,618</u>	<u>595,618</u>
31 December 2013	Carrying	3 months or
	amounts	less
	€	€
Trade and other payables	578,100	578,100
	578,100	578,100

#### 3.3 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Company's measurement currency. At the year end the company had certain cash balances and prepayments dominated in US dollars and in Egyptian Pound. As at 31 December 2014 US dollar denominated balances were €64,751 (2013: €56,955) and EGP denominated balances were €1,585,717 (2013: NIL). The Company's management monitors the exchange rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

#### 3.4 Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from last year.

#### Fair value estimation

The fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts at the reporting date.

#### 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

#### 4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments (continued)

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

#### Income taxes

Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Company recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

### Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company periodically evaluates the recoverability of non-financial assets such as investments in associates and other affiliated group entities, whenever indicators of impairment are present. Indicators of impairment include such items as declines in market values, revenues, earnings, cash flows or net asset value which may indicate that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable. If facts and circumstances indicate that non-financial assets may be impaired, the estimated recoverable amount of these assets would be compared to their carrying amounts to determine if a write-down to the statement of comprehensive income is necessary.

#### 5. Profit from investing activities

	2014	2013
	€	€
Interest income	1,662	1,654
Exchange profit	132,789	20,416
Dividend income (note 14)	779,431	681,137
	913,882	703,207
6. Operating profit		
	2014	2013
	€	€
Operating profit is stated after charging the following items:		
Directors' fees	5.00	-
Auditors' remuneration	<u>4,882</u>	4,966

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

#### 7. Finance costs

	2014 €	2013 €
Net foreign exchange transaction (gain) / losses	(22,373) (22,373)	40,402 40,402
8. Tax		
	2014 €	2013
Defence contribution - current year	311	€ 334
Charge for the year	311	334
The tax on the Company's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that tax rates as follows:	nt would arise using	the applicable
	2014	2013
Profit before tax	€ 915,150 _	€ 638,882
Tax calculated at the applicable tax rates Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax effect of allowances and income not subject to tax Tax effect of tax losses brought forward Tax effect of tax loss for the year Defence contribution current year  Tax charge	114,394 3,695 (98,455) (19,634) - 311	79,860 5,372 (88,223) - 2,991 334 334
-		

The corporation tax rate is 12,5%. As at 31 December 2014 the Company had tax losses carried forward of epsilon122,041 (2013: epsilon279,110) which can be carried forward and be utilized against future taxable profits for a period of 5 years from each tax year a loss was incurred. No deferred tax asset was recognised in the statement of financial position on these losses.

Under certain conditions interest income may be subject to defence contribution at the rate of 30% (2013:30%). In such cases this interest will be exempt from corporation tax. In certain cases, dividends received from abroad may be subject to defence contribution at the rate of 20% for the tax year 2013, 17% for the tax year 2014 and 17% for 2015 and thereafter.

# 9. Investments in group companies

	2014	2013
	€	€
Balance at 1 January	<u> 19,023,373</u>	19,023,373
Balance at 31 December	19,023,373	19,023,373

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

# 9. Investments in group companies (continued)

The details of the investments are as follows:

<u>Name</u>	Country of incorporation	Principal activities	<b>2014</b> Holding <u>%</u>	2013 Holding <u>%</u>	2014 €	2013 €
Titan Beton Aggregate Egypt-at cost (2)	Egypt	Cement distribution center	3	3	-	-
Alexandria Portland Cement-at cost (1),(3)	Egypt	Cement distribution center	3,981	3,981	<u>19,023,373</u>	19,023,373
				_	19,023,373	19,023,373

- (1) During the year, the Company received a dividend of  $\in$ 779,430 (2013:  $\in$ 681,137) from Alexandria Portland Cement.
- (2) During the year 2006, the Directors of the Company have reduced the value of the investment in Titan Beton Aggregate Egypt (former Four M titan Silo Company LLC) to Nil, as this company is at a net liability position with no expectations of recovery.
- (3) Alexandria Portland is a listed company in Cairo Stock exchange. Alexandria Portland is a subsidiary of the Company's ultimate parent, Titan Cement SA and is been consolidated at that level. Certain group companies of Titan Cement SA own various percentage holdings in Alexandria Portland totalling effectively approximately 83% (2013: 83%). Therefore it is the Group's policy to account for the sub-holdings in each group company's individual accounts at cost subject to impairment. The Group carried out an impairment test of the investment's relevant GCU as a whole and concluded that its value in use is greater than its carrying amount in the financial statements.

In the opinion of the directors and management, the carrying amounts of the investments in group companies are lower than their recoverable amounts.

### 10. Receivables

Dividends receivable (Note 14.3)	2014 €	2013 €
Deposits and prepayments	407,785	640,735 407,785
	407,7851	<u>,048,520</u>

# 11. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the cash and cash equivalents include the following:

	2014	2013
Cash at bank and in hand	€ 1,694,924	€ 121,832
	1,694,924	121,832

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

#### 11. Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

Cash at bank represents current and fixed deposit accounts denominated in Euro and US\$ and carry annual interest from 1,0% to 1,5% and from 3% to 3,62%, respectively.

#### 12. Share capital

	2014 Number of	2014	2013 Number of	2013
Authorised	shares	€	shares	€
Ordinary shares of €1,71 each	24,000	41,040	24,000	41,040
Issued and fully paid				
Balance at 1 January	23,806	40,708	23,806	40,708
Balance at 31 December	23,806	40,708	23,806	40,708
13. Trade and other payables				
			2014	2013
			€	€
Trade payables			3,131	6,685
Provision for doubtful other receivables			407,785	407,785
Accruals			4,226	771
Other creditors			80	85
Payables to related companies (Note 14.2)			<u> 180,397</u>	<u>162,860</u>

#### 14. Related party transactions

The Company is controlled by Titan Cement S.A., incorporated in Greece, which owns 100% of the Company's shares.

**595,619** 578,101

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operating decisions and as such include all companies which are ultimately controlled by a common management.

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

#### 14.1 Dividend income (Note 5)

	2014 2013
<u>Name</u>	€ €
Dividend income	<b>779,430</b> 681,137
	<b>779,430</b> 681,137

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended 31 December 2014

#### 14. Related party transactions (continued)

### 14.2 Payable to related companies (Note 13)

Managa		2014	2013
Name	Nature of transactions	€	€
Payable to related company	Trade	180,397	162,860
		180,397	162,860

The payable to related company is interest free, and has no specified repayment date.

# 14.3 Receivables from related companies (Note 10)

	2014	2013
Disidende week al l	€	€
Dividends receivable		640,735
		640,735

#### 15. Contingent liabilities

The Company had no contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2014/2013.

#### 16. Commitments

The Company had no capital or other commitments as at 31 December 2014/2013.

#### 17. Events after the reporting period

There were no material events after the reporting period, which have a bearing on the understanding of the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report on pages 3 and 4